#### Job mobility in India

Empirical findings from field based survey

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#### Purpose of the paper

- To examine the extent and nature of job mobility
  - work status
  - occupation groups
  - Industry groups
- Whether structural shifts have led to improved access to jobs?
- What is the role of education in job mobility?
- What are the determinants of job mobility?
- Whether job mobility improves one's pay outcomes controlling for other factors?

## Defining job mobility

Job mobility is defined as.

"as ability of workers to move up (or at times down) the scale of occupations inside an enterprise or from one enterprise to another within the same industry and across industries" We are defining *Job mobility* as change in enterprise, change in work status, change across occupations, or change in industry groups

#### Review of literature

- Job mobility largely researched in advanced countries
- Empirical evidence quite scant for India
- 1970s
  - Job mobility Papola and Subrahmanian (1975)
- 1990s
  - Sectoral and Income mobility Deshpande and Deshpande (1990); Acharya and Jose (1991)
- 2000's -
  - Income and labour mobility (Mitra, 2006; Pais, 2006)
  - Occupational mobility and castes (Deshpande and Palshikar, 2008)
  - Educational and occupation mobility (Jhilam and Rajshri, 2010)
  - Mobility from informal to formal sector and vice versa (Maloney, Bosch – Latin American context)

#### Databases for Analysis

- All India Employment-Unemployment Survey data
  - During last 2 years, whether changed
  - Extent of job mobility over past 2 years (2.3%)
- IHD-IRMA database
  - Small module on work history of currently employed persons (main work only)
  - Information collected only partial first job and last job
  - No information on number of job changes

#### Job mobility – Basic characteristics

- Extent of job mobility (11.5%)
  - Delhi(7%) Ranchi (19%)
- Males (95%) Females (5%)
- Across caste groups
  - SC (21%) ST (17%)
  - Other backward castes (34%)
  - Forward castes (28%)
- Across education groups
  - Illiterate (16.7%) Primary (14.5%) Middle (17.5%)
  - Sec./Higher Sec (36.8%)
  - Graduate and above (14.5%)

## Number of years spent in the first job

	Work status								
	Own account worker	Employer	Unpaid family worker	Regular salaried/ wage worker	Casual wage labourer	Total			
Less than 1 year	1.0	0.0	14.3	0.8	3.1	1.6 (8)			
1 - 2 years	6.2	0.0	42.9	15.3	14.7	13.7 (68)			
3 - 5 years	20.6	0.0	14.3	24.0	21.7	22.6 (112)			
6 - 8 years	17.5	0.0	14.3	17.9	20.2	18.3 (91)			
9 - 10 years	12.4	100.0	14.3	13.0	12.4	12.9 (64)			
10- 15 years	18.6	0.0	0.0	9.2	12.4	11.7 (58)			
15- 20 years	14.4	0.0	0.0	9.5	8.5	10.1 (50)			
More than 20 years	9.3	0.0	0.0	10.3	7.0	9.1 (45)			
,	100 (97)	100 (1)	100 (7)	100 (262)	100 (129)	100 (496)			

## Reasons for job mobility

	Work status								
	Own account worker	Employer	Unpaid family worker	Regular salaried/ wage worker	Casual wage labourer	Total			
Voluntary quit	4.1	0.0	0.0	12.2	5.4	8.7 (43)			
Involuntary	12.4	0.0	0.0	18.6	12.4	15.5 (77)			
Voluntary retirement	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.8	1.6	6.6 (33)			
Work unremunerative	52.6	0.0	42.9	39.5	57.4	46.7 (232)			
Health	6.2	0.0	0.0	3.4	7.0	4.8 (24)			
Others	24.7	100.0	57.1	14.4	16.3	17.7 (88)			
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			

# Job mobility by work status

		Present/ Current job							
	First job/ past job	Own account	Employer	Unpaid family worker	Regular salaried	Casual wage worker			
Own account									
worker	19.5 (97)	35.1	4.1	1.0	43.3	16.5			
Employer	0.2 (1)	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0			
Unpaid family worker	1.4 (7)	14.3	0.0	0.0	28.6	57.1			
Regular salaried/ wage worker	52.9 (263)	25.9	1.1	0.4	61.6	11.0			
Casual wage	,								
labourer	26.0 (129)	25.6	0.0	2.3	38.0	34.1			
Total	100.0 (496)	27.4 (136)	1.4 (7)	1.0 (5)	51.5 (256)	18.7 (93)			

## Job mobility by occupation status

		Present Occupations							
	Past occupations	Professi onal	Managerial	Clerical	Sales	Service	Farmer	Prod. workers	
Professional	2.1 (10)	60.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	10.0	
Managerial	2.5 (12)	0.0	58.3	8.3	8.3	0.0	0.0	16.7	
Clerical	8.3 (39)	0.0	10.3	41.0	25.6	5.1	2.6	10.3	
Sales	24.8 (117)	1.7	5.1	6.8	54.7	6.8	0.0	20.5	
Service	10.4 (49)	2.0	0.0	4.1	20.4	36.7	6.1	26.5	
Farmer	6.8 (32)	0.0	0.0	9.4	18.8	3.1	3.1	62.5	
Production									
workers	45.1 (213)	0.9	0.9	5.6	18.3	7.5	3.3	61.5	
	100.0	2.3	4.0	8.9	27.8	9.7	2.5	41.3	
	(496)	(11)	(19)	(42)	(131)	(46)	(12)	(195)	

## Job mobility by Industry groups

		Present Industry group							
	Old Industry group	Agricultur e	Manufacturi ng	Constru ction	Low productive services	Bankng, Insurance	Public Admn		
Agriculture	6.6 (33)	0.0	24.2	27.3	39.4	3.0	6.1		
Manufacuring	22.7 (113)	3.5	50.4	4.4	37.2	0.9	3.5		
Construction	15.3 (76)	1.3	15.8	32.9	36.8	2.6	10.5		
Low producive services	45.1 (224)	1.8	7.6	11.2	67.9	2.2	9.4		
Banking, Insurance	3.2 (16)	0.0	6.3	0.0	18.8	56.3	18.8		
Public Admn.	7.0 (35)	0.0	11.4	5.7	31.4	5.7	45.7		
	100.0	1.8	19.9	13.3	50.1	4.0	10.9		
Total	(496)	(9)	(99)	(66)	(249)	(20)	(54)		

# Avenues of job search that help workers to access better/change jobs

	Own		Regular		
	account		salaried/	Casual wage	
	worker	Employer	wage worker	labourer	Total
Open advertisement for					
the job	7.7	100.0	11.0	2.3	8.2
With the help of public					
employment exchange	0.0	0.0	1.9	0.0	1.0
With the help of private					
placement agencies	1.0	0.0	1.1	0.8	1.0
With the help of relatives/					
friends	25.0	0.0	27.0	30.2	27.4
Job fairs	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.4
Labor service company like					
Team Lease	1.9	0.0	1.1	0.8	1.2
Own knowledge and					
efforts	58.7	0.0	52.1	57.4	54.7
Contactor/middleman	5.8	0.0	4.2	5.4	4.8
Others	0.0	0.0	0.8	3.1	1.2
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

#### Future work and analysis planned

- What is the nature of structural shifts in labour?
  - work status and industry group/ occupation group
- Wheter mobility is confined to certain sections of workers? Are those in informal employment more exposed to job mobility than others?
- What is the role of education in job mobility?
- Whether workers can overtime through experience access better jobs?

#### Future work and analysis planned

- What are the determinants of job mobility?
  - Probit / Tobit model with personal (sex, age, education) and household characteristics (caste, hhsize, dependants), work status, occupation groups, industry group, etc.
- Whether job mobility improves one's pay outcomes controlling for other factors?
  - Earnings function (with mobility dummy instead of incorporating mobility rates)